



Potential interventions for treatment of postpartum hemorrhage

Pharmacologic interventions	
Drug	Dosing
Oxytocin (first-line)	10 to 40 units in 500 to 1000 mL normal saline infused at a rate sufficient to control atony or 5 to 10 units IM.
Tranexamic acid (adjunctive agent)	1 g (10 mL of a 100 mg/mL solution) is infused over 10 to 20 minutes; if bleeding persists after 30 minutes, a second 1 g dose is administered.
Ergots (second-line)	Methylergonovine 0.2 mg IM or ergonovine 0.2 mg IM every 2 to 4 hours.
Carboprost (second- line)	0.25 mg IM every 15 to 90 minutes up to 8 doses.
Misoprostol	400 to 800 mcg sublingually as a single dose.
Recombinant human factor VIIa (adjunctive agent)	50 to 100 mcg/kg. It is preferable to start with a low dose (40 or 60 mcg/kg). The dose may be repeated once in 15 to 30 minutes if there is no response Additional doses are unlikely to be effective.
Surgical intervention	S
Repair lacerations	
Curettage	
Uterine compression s	uture (eg, B-Lynch suture)
Uterine artery ligation	
Utero-ovarian artery lig	ation or cross clamp
Pelvic packing	
Uterine tourniquet	
Focal myometrial excisi	on
Use of fibrin glues and	patches to cover areas of oozing and promote clotting
Placement of figure 8 s	utures or other hemostatic sutures directly into the placental bed
Resuscitative endovasc	ular balloon occlusion of the aorta (REBOA)
Internal iliac artery (hy	oogastric artery) ligation

Aortic/iliac artery compression Hysterectomy, supracervical Hysterectomy, total Interventional endovascular procedures Selective arterial embolization Intermittent aortic balloon occlusion Common iliac artery balloon occlusion **Blood bank** Packed red blood cells **Platelets** Fresh frozen plasma Cryoprecipitate **Nonsurgical interventions** Uterine massage Intravenous fluids Intrauterine tamponade Intrauterine balloon or alternative device (eg, bladder catheter bulb, Sengstaken-Blakemore tube) Intrauterine vacuum Uterine packing (eg, 4-inch gauge packing) **Consultations** General surgery Trauma surgery Anesthesia team Interventional radiology

Gynecologic oncology

Urology

IV: intravenous; IM: intramuscular; mcg: micrograms; kg: kilogram.

Data from:

- 1. Dahlke JD, Mendoz-Figueroa H, Maggio L, et al. Prevention and management of postpartum hemorrhage: a comparison of 4 national guidelines. Am J Obstet Gynecol 2015; 213.e1.
- 2. Bienstock JL, Ahizechukwu CE, Hueppchen NA. Postpartum hemorrhage. N Engl J Med 2021; 384:1635.

Graphic 73412 Version 16.0